AO 472 (Rev. 12/03) Order of Detention Pending Trial		wytyn ee conjoent m
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
Eastern Dis	trict of	Michigan
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		
Gernell Richard Kennedy	ORDER O Case Number:	F DETENTION PENDING TRIAL (4-30105
In accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(4), a d detention of the defendant pending trial in this case.	etention hearing has bee	n held. I conclude that the following facts require the
Part I—	Findings of Fact	
<ul> <li>(1) The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U. or local offense that would have been a federal offense if a c a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4)</li> <li>□ an offense for which the maximum sentence is life impriman offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment.</li> </ul>	rcumstance giving rise t . sonment or death.	to federal jurisdiction had existed - that is
a felony that was committed after the defendant had been	i-t-d of t o	
§ 3142(f)(1)(A)-(C), or comparable state or local offense	i convicted of two of lik	ore prior lederal offenses described in 18 U.S.C.
(2) The offense described in finding (1) was committed while the		se pending trial for a federal, state or local offense.
(3) A period of not more than five years has elapsed since the	☐ date of conviction	release of the defendant from imprisonment
for the offense described in finding (1).		
(4) Findings Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a rebuttable presump safety of (an) other person(s) and the community. I further fi	tion that no condition or nd that the defendant ha	combination of conditions will reasonably assure the son rebutted this presumption.
	ive Findings (A)	
(1) There is probable cause to believe that the defendant has con	mitted an offense	
for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years	or more is prescribed in	ı
under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c).		
(2) The defendant has not rebutted the presumption established by the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of	finding 1 that no condite the community.	tion or combination of conditions will reasonably assure
	ive Findings (B)	
(1) There is a serious risk that the defendant will not appear.		
(2) There is a serious risk that the defendant will endanger the sa	fety of another person o	r the community.
	,	
Part II—Written State	nent of Reasons for	Detention
I find that the credible testimony and information submitted at the		clear and convincing evidence a prepon-
derance of the evidence that	nearing establishes by	ra clear and convincing evidence. The a brebou-

Part III—Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Signature of Judge

U.S. Magistrate Judge Mona K. Majzoub

Name and Title of Judge

\*Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 et seq.); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).

## Kenneth Richard Kennedy Order of Detention

This is a presumption case.

Defendant is charged by way of criminal complaint with Receipt and Possession of Child Pornography.

Defendant is a 50 year old divorced male with no children who has lived in this district since 1981. Prior to that he lived in Oceanside California. He has no family ties to this district. He is a convicted sex offender, who on 5/8/1998 at age 33 was charged with CSC 1<sup>st</sup> Degree (male under the age of 13), CSC 1<sup>st</sup> Degree (female under the age of 13) and CSC 2<sup>nd</sup> Degree (male victim, multiple variables) and was found guilty and sentenced to a prison term of 8 - 15 years on July 25, 2001. Defendant remained in state custody from 1998 - 2010, and was discharged from parole on 10/5/2012.

Since then Defendant has resided in an apartment community in Monroe approved by MDOC for convicted sexual offenders who are required to register with the Michigan Public Sex Offender Registry. Defendant is a Tier 3 offender and is required to comply with lifetime registration. Defendant's roommate is also a registered sex offender. Prior to the filing of the instant charges, Defendant has been compliant with the terms and conditions of the Sex Offender Registry.

The facts leading up to the filing of the federal criminal complaint are as follows: on July 2, 2013 Defendant contacted Samsung ASC Service Repair because his notebook was "freezing up" and he asked to have his computer completely restored. Defendant shipped his computer to Samsung's contract service provider in Texas. The computer was opened and an employee of the service provider found what was thought to be child pornography on the computer. The local police were contacted; shortly thereafter the US Postal Inspector was contacted and took custody of the computer on August 1, 2013. The computer was mailed to the U.S. Postal Inspection Service in Detroit, Michigan in late August 2013.

A forensic examination of the computer revealed more than 670 images of prepubescent and pubescent boys in various states of undress, and several pictures of boys exposing their genitals, and several images of young boys sexually engaged with adult women, and a picture of a naked prepubescent boy standing with his penis in a woman's mouth.

A search warrant was executed upon Defendant's apartment whereupon Defendant's laptop computer was seized and found to have a terabite of storage capacity. Four images of child pornography were recovered. Also in Defendant's apartment next to his desk was a framed picture of a 14 year old boy, posing shirtless. Defendant said that the boy was his nephew.

Defendant argues for a bond, stating that the federal government was in no hurry to press charges, and left him unsupervised in the community for a period of six months, implying that Defendant does not pose a imminent danger to the community.

The government argues that Defendant is a danger to the community, not only in terms of his past three convictions for sexually violating three children under the age of 13, but also because after having served more than nine years in prison, and after having been released from parole only <u>nine</u> months prior to the discovery of the above described pornographic images, he continues to gratify himself with hundreds of images of child pornography which he maintains on his personal computers. Defendant fully admitted that both computers belong to him, and he admitted that both computers contained his child pornography.

Pretrial Services concludes that Defendant is a danger to the community based upon the nature of the instant offenses charged, Defendant's history and prior convictions for CSC 1<sup>st</sup> degree (2) and CSC 2<sup>nd</sup> Degree (1) involving three children under the age of 13, his history of violence and sexual abuse of children, and his continuing behaviors which involve maintaining hundreds of images of child pornography on his computers for his personal gratification.

This Court finds that there is clear and convincing evidence that Defendant poses a danger to the community, and that there is no condition or combination of conditions that could reasonably assure the safety of the community.

The presumption of detention was not sufficiently rebutted.

Therefore Detention is Ordered.